

ABN: 86 504 771 740

Village Comparison Document

Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Section 74)

This form is effective from 1 February 2019



Name of village: Masters Lodge Independent Living Units

Important information for the prospective resident

- The Village Comparison Document gives general information about the retirement village
 accommodation, facilities and services, including the general costs of moving into, living in and
 leaving the retirement village. This makes it easier for you to compare retirement villages.
- The Retirement Villages Act 1999 requires a retirement village scheme operator to:
 - provide a copy of the Village Comparison Document to a prospective resident of the retirement village within seven days of receiving a request
 - include a copy of the Village Comparison Document with any promotional material given to a person, other than through a general distribution (e.g. mail-out)
 - publish the Village Comparison Document on the village's website so that the document, or a link to it appears prominently on each page of the website that contains, or has a link to, marketing material for the village
- You can access a copy of this Village Comparison Document on the village website at www.bluecare.org.au.
- All amounts in this document are GST-inclusive, unless stated otherwise where that is permitted by law.

Notice for prospective residents

Before you decide whether to live in a retirement village, you should:

- Seek independent legal advice about the retirement village contract there are different types
 of contracts and they can be complex
- Find out the financial commitments involved in particular, you should understand and consider ingoing costs, ongoing fees and charges (which can increase) and how much it will cost you when you leave the village permanently
- Consider any impacts to any pensions, rate subsidies and rebates you currently receive
- Consider what questions to ask the village manager before signing a contract
- Consider whether retirement village living provides the lifestyle that is right for you. Moving into a retirement village is very different to moving into a new house. It involves buying into a village with communal facilities where usually some of the costs of this lifestyle are deferred until you leave the village. These deferred costs when you leave your unit may be significant.
- Seek further information and advice to help with making a decision that is right for you. Some
 useful contacts are listed at the end of this document, including:
 - Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS) which provides free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement village. See www.caxton.org.au or phone 07 3214 6333.
 - The Queensland Law Society which can provide a list of lawyers who practice retirement

village law. See www.qls.com.au or phone: 1300 367 757.

More information

- If you decide to move into a retirement village, the operator will provide you with a Prospective Costs Document for your selected unit, a residence contract and other legal documents.
- By law, you must have a copy of the Village Comparison Document, the Prospective Costs Document, the village by-laws, your residence contract and all attachments to your residence contract for at least 21 days before you and the operator enter into the residence contract. This is to give you time to read these documents carefully and seek professional advice about your legal and financial interests. You have the right to waive the 21-day period if you get legal advice from a Queensland lawyer about your contract.

The information in this Village Comparison Document is correct as at 1 July 2020 and applies to prospective residents.

Some of the information in this document may not apply to existing residence contracts.

Part 1 - 0	perator and	manager	nent details

Part 1 – Operator and management details				
1.1 Retirement village location	Retirement Village Name: Masters Lodge Independent Living Units			
ioodion	Street Address: 33 Jensen Drive			
	Suburb: Pialba			
	State: Queensland			
	Post Code: 4655			
1.2 Owner of the land on which the retirement village	Name of land owner: The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q)			
scheme is located	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A			
	Address: c/- Blue Care, Level 5, 192 Ann Street			
	Suburb: Brisbane			
	State: Queensland			
	Post Code: 4000			
1.3 Village operator	Name of entity that operates the retirement village (scheme			
	operator): The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q) represented by Blue Care ABN 96 010 643 909			
	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A			
	Address: C/- Blue Care, Level 5, 192 Ann Street			
	Suburb: Brisbane			
	State: Queensland			
	Post Code: 4000			

	Date entity became operator: 1988	
	Is there an approved transition plan for the village?	
	☐ Yes ☒ No	
	A written transition plan approved by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required when an existing operator is transitioning control of the retirement village scheme's operation to a new operator.	
	Is there an approved closure plan for the village?	
	□ Yes ⊠ No	
	A written closure plan approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required if an operator is closing a retirement village scheme. This includes winding down or stopping to operate the village, even temporarily.	
1.4 Village management and onsite availability	Name of village management entity and contact details: The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q) represented by Blue Care ABN 96 010 643 909	
	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A	
	Phone: 1800 990 446	
	Email: rladmin@bluecare.org.au	
	An onsite manager (or representative) is available to residents:	
	☐ Full time	
	☐ Part time	
	☑ By appointment only☑ None available	
	Onsite availability includes:	
	Weekdays: Scheduled site visits and by appointment	
	Weekends: No availability	
	Note from the scheme operator: the village manager is able to be at the village on a regular basis and is available to meet with any resident by prior appointment.	
1.5 Approved closure	Is there an approved transition plan for the village?	
plans and transition plans for the	□ Yes ⊠ No	
retirement village	A written transition plan approved by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required when an existing operator is transitioning control of the retirement village scheme's operation to a new operator.	

	Is there an approved closure plan for the village?
	□ Yes ⊠ No
	A written closure plan approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required if an operator is closing a retirement village scheme. This includes winding down or stopping to operate the village, even temporarily.
1.6 Statutory Charge over retirement village land.	Tenure in a leasehold or freehold scheme is secured by the registration of your interest on the certificate of title for the property. There is no statutory charge registered over leasehold schemes and freehold schemes.
	In relation to licence schemes, a statutory charge over the land is normally registered on the certificate of title by the chief executive of the department administering the Act. If there is no statutory charge registered on a licence scheme, which may be the case for some religious, charitable or community purpose organisations, you should check if the security of tenure offered meets your requirements.
	Is a statutory charge registered on the certificate of title for the retirement village land?
	□ Yes ⊠ No
	If yes, provide details of the registered statutory charge: Not applicable
Part 2 – Age limits	
2.1 What age limits apply to residents in this village?	Single occupants must be at least 65. For multiple occupants, one must be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60.
J	The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live in the village.
ACCOMMODATION, FA	CILITIES AND SERVICES
	n units: Nature of ownership or tenure
3.1 Resident ownership or tenure of	☐ Freehold (owner resident)
the units in the village	☐ Lease (non-owner resident)
is:	□ Licence (non-owner resident)
	☐ Share in company title entity (non-owner resident)
	Unit in unit trust (non-owner resident)
	Rental (non-owner resident)
	Other
Accommodation types 3.2 Number of units by	
accommodation type and tenure	There are 18 units in the village, comprising 18 single storey units

Freehold	Leasehold	Licence	Other
		18	
		18	
□ Level access to the control of the contr	from the street into	and between all	areas of the unit
(i.e. no external c	or internal steps or	stairs) in 🗵 all 🗆	some units
□ ∆lternatively a	ramn elevator o	r lift allows entry in	to □ all □ some
•	i ramp, elevator or	ilit allows entry in	
units			
Step-free (hob	oless) shower in 🗆	all ⊠ some units	
⊠ Width of doorways allow for wheelchair access in □ all ⊠ some			
units			
□ Toilet is accessible in a wheelchair in □ all □ some units			
☐ Other key features in the units or village that cater for people with disability or assist residents to age in place:			
□ None			
idents and visitors			
All units with own garage or carport attached or adjacent to a line of the village is available for residents? □ All / Some [unit type] units with own garage or carport separate the unit □ All / Some [unit type] units with own car park space adjacent to a line of the unit □ All / Some [unit type] units with own car park space adjacent to a line of the unit □ All / Some [unit type] units with own car park space adjacent to a line of the unit □ All / Some [unit type] units with own garage or carport attached or adjacent to a line of the unit of the uni		port separate from	
_	it type] units with o	own car park spac	e separate from
the unit			
☐ General car parking for residents in the village			
☐ Other parking	e.g. caravan or bo	oat:	
	units with no	car parking for res	sidents
☐ No car parking	g for residents in th	ne village	
Restrictions on re	esident's car parki	na include:	
			18

4.2 Is parking in the village available for visitors?	⊠ Yes □ No		
If yes, parking restrictions include	Not applicable.		
Part 5 – Planning and de	evelopment		
5.1 Is construction or	Year village construction started	: 1988	
development of the village complete?			
vinage complete:	☐ Partially developed / complete	ed	
	☐ Construction yet to commend	e	
5.2 Construction, development applications and development approvals	relating to the retirement village	n, development or redevelopment land, including details of any related pment applications in accordance with	
Provide details and timeframe of development or proposed development, including the final number and types of units and any new facilities.	Not applicable.		
5.3 Redevelopment plan under the Retirement Villages Act 1999	Is there an approved redevelopment plan for the village under the Retirement Villages Act? ☐ Yes ☒ No		
	The Retirement Villages Act may require a written redevelopment plan for certain types of redevelopment of the village and this is different to a development approval. A redevelopment plan must be approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Housing and Public Works.		
	Note: see notice at end of document approval document	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Part 6 – Facilities onsite	at the village		
6.1 The following			
facilities are currently available to residents:	☐ Arts and crafts room ☐ Restaurant		
	☐ Auditorium	☐ Shop	
	□ BBQ area outdoors	Swimming pool [indoor / outdoor]	
	☐ Billiards room	[heated / not heated]	
	☐ Bowling green ☐ Separate lounge in community centre		

	[indoor/outdoor] ☐ Business centre (e.g. computers, printers, internet access) ☐ Chapel / prayer room ☐ Communal laundries ☒ Community room or centre ☐ Dining room ☒ Gardens ☐ Gym	 □ Spa [indoor / outdoor] [heated / not heated □ Storage area for boats / caravans □ Tennis court [full/half] □ Village bus or transport □ Workshop □ Other: 	
	☐ Hairdressing or beauty room		
Details about any facility t	│	al Services Charge paid by residents or	
,	s on access or sharing of facilities	• .	
Not Applicable			
6.2 Does the village have an onsite, attached, adjacent or co-located residential aged care facility?			
Note: Aged care facilities are not covered by the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld)</i> . The retirement village operator cannot keep places free or guarantee places in aged care for residents of the retirement village. To enter a residential aged care facility, you must be assessed as eligible by an Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) in accordance with the <i>Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)</i> . Exit fees may apply when you move from your retirement village unit to other accommodation and may involve entering a new contract.			
Part 7 – Services			
7.1 What services are	'General Services' provided to al	I residents are:	
 Operating the retirement village for the benefit and enjoys residents (funded from the General Services Charge fund paid by residents)? Managing the community facilities. Managing security at the retirement village. Maintaining the security system, emergency help system safety equipment (if any). 		facilities. retirement village. ystem, emergency help system and/or	

Maintaining fire-fighting and protection equipment.

Maintaining and updating safety and emergency procedures for

Cleaning, maintaining and repairing the community facilities. Maintaining, repairing and replacing units and items in, on or

the retirement village.

	 attached to the units (except where this is a resident's responsibility). Monitoring and eradicating pests. Engaging staff and contractors necessary for the operation of the retirement village, which may include a village manager, cleaning and maintenance personnel, security personnel, personal care and nursing personnel and/or relief personnel. Arranging for administrative, secretarial, book-keeping, accounting and legal services necessary for the operation of the retirement village. Maintaining any licences required in relation to the retirement village. Paying operating costs in connection with the ownership and operation of the retirement village. Maintaining insurances relating to the retirement village that are required by the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999</i> or contemplated by a residence contract or that the scheme operator otherwise deems appropriate. Complying with the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999</i>. Any other general service funded via a general services charges budget for a financial year. 		
7.2 Are optional personal services provided or made available to residents on a user-pays basis?	☐ Yes ⊠ No		
7.3 Does the retirement village operator provide government funded home care services under the <i>Aged Care</i>	 ☑ Yes, the operator is an Approved Provider of home care under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Registered Accredited Care Supplier – NAPS ID 18055) ☐ Yes, home care is provided in association with an Approved 		
Act 1997 (Cwth)?	Provider: ☐ No, the operator does not provide home care services, residents can arrange their own home care services		
Home Support Program s an aged care assessment services are not covered Residents can choose t the retirement village pr	ay be eligible to receive a Home Care Package, or a Commonwealth subsidised by the Commonwealth Government if assessed as eligible by at team (ACAT) under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)</i> . These home care by the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999</i> (Qld). The company of the company		
Part 8 – Security and en	nergency systems		
8.1 Does the village have a security system?	□ Yes ⊠ No		
8.2 Does the village have an emergency help system?			

If yes or optional: • the emergency help system details are:	The emergency system is r	monitored off-site. The cost of this service is vices charge.	
 the emergency help system is monitored between: 	12 am and 12 pm, 7 days per week.		
8.3 Does the village have equipment that provides for the safety or medical emergency of residents?	□ Yes ⊠ No		
An ingoing contribution is to secure a right to reside the sale price or purchase	ution - entry costs to live in the amount a prospective re in the retirement village. The	n the village esident must pay under a residence contract e ingoing contribution is also referred to as ngoing charges such as rent or other	
9.1 What is the estimated ingoing contribution (sale price) range for all types of units in the village	Accommodation Unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - Two bedrooms - Three bedrooms Serviced units - Studio - One bedroom - Two bedrooms - Three bedrooms Other Full range of ingoing contributions for all	\$231,000 to \$252,000 \$231,000 to \$252,000	
9.2 Are there different financial options available for paying the ingoing contribution and exit fee or other fees and charges under a residence contract? If yes: specify or set out in a table how the contract options work e.g. pay a higher ingoing contribution and	 unit types ✓ Yes □ No There are three contract types available to all residents: Standard Contract 5% Reduced Contribution Contract 10% Reduced Contribution Contract A Concessional Licence contract may be available to select residents on application to the scheme operator. Note from the scheme operator: The scheme operator may at its complete discretion offer a Concessional Licence contract to a resident on application to the scheme operator. 		

less or no exit fee.

	The key differences between the contract options are:			
	Contract option	Ingoing contribution	Payments on exit	
	Standard Contract	Residents pay an ingoing contribution equal to the fair market value of a right to reside in the unit at the time of entry (Licence Value).	Residents: • receive a refund of the ingoing contribution; • pay a maximum exit fee of 32% of the ingoing contribution; and • do not receive any capital gain or pay any capital loss. Exit entitlement paid within 6 months of termination.	
	5% Reduced Contribution Contract	Residents pay a reduced ingoing contribution calculated as the Licence Value reduced by 5%.	Residents: • receive a refund of the reduced ingoing contribution; • pay a maximum exit fee of 37% of the Licence Value; and • do not receive any capital gain or pay any capital loss. Exit entitlement paid within 18 months of termination.	
	10% Reduced Contribution Contract	Residents pay a reduced ingoing contribution calculated as the Licence Value reduced by 10%.	Residents: • receive a refund of the reduced ingoing contribution; • pay a maximum exit fee of 42% of the Licence Value; and • do not receive any capital gain or pay any capital loss. Exit entitlement paid within 18 months of termination.	
	Concessional Licence	Residents do not pay an ingoing contribution. Instead they pay an Contract Administration Fee and Administration Fee (which is equivalent to 4 x the weekly Accommodation Fee).	Residents do not receive any payments on exit. Residents pay a weekly Accommodation Fee for the term of the residence contract, instead of an ingoing contribution on entry. Further details are available from the scheme operator on request.	
9.3 What other entry costs do residents need to pay?	 □ Transfer or stamp duty ⋈ Costs related to your residence contract □ Costs related to any other contract e.g. □ Advance payment of General Services Charge 			

Note from the scheme operator: Residents who apply and are accepted for a Concessional Licence contract will be required to pay the Contract Administration Fee and Administration Fee (which is equivalent to 4 x the weekly Accommodation Fee). Details about these amounts are available from the scheme operator on request.

Part 10 – Ongoing Costs - costs while living in the retirement village

General Services Charge: Residents pay this charge for the general services supplied or made available to residents in the village, which may include management and administration, gardening and general maintenance and other services or facilities for recreation and entertainment described at 7.1.

Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution: Residents pay this charge for maintaining and repairing (but not replacing) the village's capital items e.g. communal facilities, swimming pool. This fund may or may not cover maintaining or repairing items in your unit, depending on the terms of your residence contract.

The budgets for the General Services Charges Fund and the Maintenance Reserve Fund are set each financial year and these amounts can increase each year. The amount to be held in the Maintenance Reserve Fund is determined by the operator using a quantity surveyor's report.

Note: The following ongoing costs are all stated as weekly amounts to help you compare the costs of different villages. However, the billing period for these amounts may not be weekly.

10.1 Current weekly rates of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Type of Unit	General Services Charge (weekly)	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (weekly)
Independent Living Units		
- Studio		
- One bedroom		
- Two bedrooms		
- Three bedrooms		
Serviced Units		
- Studio		
- One bedroom		
- Two bedrooms		
- Three bedrooms		
Other		
All units pay a flat rate	\$91.93	\$21.08

Last three years of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Financial year	General Services Charge (range) (weekly)	Overall % change from previous year	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (range) (weekly)	Overall % change from previous year (+ or -)
2019/20	\$83.65 to \$83.65	-0.2%	\$18.21 to \$18.21	1%
2018/19	\$83.83 to \$83.83	-0.1%	\$18.03 to \$18.03	14.0%
2017/18	\$83.91 to \$83.91	2.0%	\$15.81 to \$15.81	8.5%

	·	<u> </u>	
10.2 What costs relating to the units	☐ Water ☐ Water		
are not covered by the General Services	☐ Home insurance (freehold	⊠ Telephone	
Charge? (residents will need to pay these costs separately)	units only)	⊠ Internet	
		⊠ Pay TV	
	⊠ Gas	☐ Other:	
10.3 What other			
ongoing or occasional costs for repair, maintenance and replacement of items in, on or attached to	☐ Unit fixtures☐ Unit fittings☐ Unit appliances☒ None		
the units are residents responsible for and pay for while residing	Additional information: Residents are responsible for the items they own or bring into their units, any alterations they make to their units, and replacing light globes.		
in the unit?	Unit fixtures and appliances provided by scheme operator are maintained by the scheme operator. This service is included in the general services charge and maintenance reserve fund contribution. Capital items are replaced using funds from the capital replacement fund.		
10.4 Does the operator offer a maintenance service or help residents arrange repairs and maintenance for their	⊠ Yes □ No		
unit? If yes: provide details, including any charges for this service.	Unit fixtures and appliances provided by scheme operator are maintained by the scheme operator. This service is included in the general services charge and maintenance reserve fund contribution.		
Part 11 – Exit fees - whe	n you leave the village		
	•	n they leave their unit or when the right	
11.1 Do residents pay	ld. This is also referred to as a 'd ☐ Yes – all residents pay an exi		
an exit fee when they permanently leave their unit?	formula ☐ Yes – all new residents pay an exit fee but the way this is worked out may vary depending on each resident's residence contract		
	□ No exit fee⋈ Other		
If yes: list all exit fee options that may apply to new contracts	ingoing contribution for two years contribution for three years of resi contribution for four years of resi	dence, 23% of the ingoing contribution of the ingoing contribution for six years	

residence and up to a maximum of 32% of the ingoing contribution for eight years of residence or more.

5% Reduced Contribution Contract

11% of the fair market value of a right to reside in the unit at the time of entry (**Licence Value**) for the first year of residence, 16% of the Licence Value for two years of residence, 20% of the Licence Value for three years of residence, 24% of the Licence Value for four years of residence, 28% of the Licence Value for five years of residence, 31% of the Licence Value for six years of residence, 34% of the Licence Value for seven years of residence and up to a maximum of 37% of the Licence Value for eight years of residence or more.

10% Reduced Contribution Contract

16% of the Licence Value for the first year of residence, 21% of the Licence Value for two years of residence, 25% of the Licence Value for three years of residence, 29% of the Licence Value for four years of residence, 33% of the Licence Value for five years of residence, 36% of the Licence Value for six years of residence 39% of the Licence Value for seven years of residence and up to a maximum of 42% of the Licence Value for eight years of residence or more.

The exit fee is calculated on a pro-rata daily basis for partial years of residence.

Note from the scheme operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a Concessional Licence contract, the resident will not be required to pay an exit fee.

Under a Concessional Licence contract, an End of Licence Fee is payable the amount of which is available from the scheme operator on request.

Standard Contract	
Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: your ingoing contribution
1 year	6% of your ingoing contribution
2 years	11% of your ingoing contribution
3 years	15% of your ingoing contribution
4 years	19% of your ingoing contribution
5 years	23% of your ingoing contribution
6 years	26% of your ingoing contribution
7 years	29% of your ingoing contribution
8 years	32% of your ingoing contribution

More than 8 years	32% of your ingoing contribution
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Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee is 32% of the ingoing contribution after 8 years of residence.

The minimum exit fee is: 6% of your ingoing contribution x 1/365.

5% Reduced Contribution Contract

Note from the scheme operator: The minimum exit fee is for 1 day of residence.

Time period from date of Exit fee calculation based on: the fair market value of a right to reside in the unit at the time of entry (Licence Value) occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit 11% of the Licence Value 1 year

2 years	16% of the Licence Value
3 years	20% of the Licence Value
4 years	24% of the Licence Value
5 years	28% of the Licence Value
6 years	31% of the Licence Value

34% of the Licence Value 7 years

8 years 37% of the Licence Value 37% of the Licence Value

Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee is 37% of the Licence Value after 8 years of residence.

The minimum exit fee is: 11% of the Licence Value x 1/365.

Note from the scheme operator: The minimum exit fee is for 1 day of residence.

10% Reduced Contribution Contract

More than 8 years

Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: the fair market value of a right to reside in the unit at the time of entry (Licence Value)
1 year	16% of the Licence Value
2 years	21% of the Licence Value
3 years	25% of the Licence Value
4 years	29% of the Licence Value

5 years	33% of the Licence Value
6 years	36% of the Licence Value
7 years	39% of the Licence Value
8 years	42% of the Licence Value
More than 8 years	42% of the Licence Value

Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee is 42% of the Licence Value after 8 years of residence.

The minimum exit fee is: 16% of the Licence Value x 1/365.

Note from the scheme operator: The minimum exit fee is for 1 day of residence.

11.2 What other exit costs do residents need to pay or contribute to?

☐ Sale costs for the unit

□ Legal costs

Other costs:

- · Exit Administration Fee; and
- A portion of the costs of valuation (if you and operator cannot agree on resale value).

Note from scheme operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a Concessional Licence contract, the resident is not required to contribute to the costs listed above.

Part 12 - Reinstatement and renovation of the unit

12.1 Is the resident responsible for reinstatement of the unit when they leave the unit?

Note from operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a Concessional Licence contract, the resident is only responsible for damage they cause to the accommodation unit. The scheme operator will pay all other costs associated with reinstatement work.

Reinstatement work means replacements or repairs that are reasonably necessary to return the unit to the same condition it was in when the resident started occupation, apart from:

- fair wear and tear; and
- renovations and other changes to the condition of the unit carried out with agreement of the resident and operator.

Fair wear and tear includes a reasonable amount of wear and tear associated with the use of items commonly used in a retirement village. However, a resident is responsible for the cost of replacing a capital item of the retirement village if the resident deliberately damages the item or causes accelerated wear.

Entry and exit inspections and reports are undertaken by the operator and resident to assess the condition of the unit.

12.2 Is the resident responsible for renovation of the unit when they leave the unit?	☐ Yes, all residents pay% of any renovation costs (in same proportion as the share of the capital gain on the sale of their unit)	
	☐ Optional, only applies to residents who share in the capital gain on the sale of their unit, and the resident pays% of any renovation costs	
	⊠ No	
	Renovation means replacements or repairs other than reinstatement work. By law, the operator is responsible for the cost of any renovation work on a former resident's unit, unless the residence contract provides for the resident to share in the capital gain on the sale of the resident's interest in the unit. Renovation costs are shared between the former resident and operator in the same proportion as any capital gain is to be shared under the residence contract.	
Part 13 – Capital gain or	losses	
13.1 When the resident's interest or right to reside in the unit is sold, does the	Yes, the resident's share of the the resident's share of the capital gain is% capital loss is%	
resident share in the capital gain or capital	Optional - residents can elect to share in a capital gain or loss option	
loss on the resale of their unit?	the resident's share of the capital gain is	
	⊠ No	
Part 14 – Exit entitlemer	⊠ No nt or buyback of freehold units	
An exit entitlement is the		
An exit entitlement is the a residence contract after the 14.1 How is the exit	nt or buyback of freehold units amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a	
An exit entitlement is the residence contract after the	amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a the right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit.	
An exit entitlement is the a residence contract after the 14.1 How is the exit entitlement which the operator will pay the	amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a he right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit. The scheme operator will repay the ingoing contribution to the resident. When the scheme operator makes this payment, the resident must pay to the scheme operator the following amounts: • the exit fee (see item 11.1); • the Exit Administration Fee, legal costs and valuation costs (if any) (see item 11.2);	
An exit entitlement is the a residence contract after the 14.1 How is the exit entitlement which the operator will pay the	amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a the right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit. The scheme operator will repay the ingoing contribution to the resident. When the scheme operator makes this payment, the resident must pay to the scheme operator the following amounts: • the exit fee (see item 11.1); • the Exit Administration Fee, legal costs and valuation costs (if any) (see item 11.2); • the costs of reinstatement work (see item 12.1); and • any other outstanding amounts payable by the resident under the residence contract.	
An exit entitlement is the a residence contract after the 14.1 How is the exit entitlement which the operator will pay the	amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a he right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit. The scheme operator will repay the ingoing contribution to the resident. When the scheme operator makes this payment, the resident must pay to the scheme operator the following amounts: • the exit fee (see item 11.1); • the Exit Administration Fee, legal costs and valuation costs (if any) (see item 11.2); • the costs of reinstatement work (see item 12.1); and • any other outstanding amounts payable by the resident under the	
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- > which is **18 months** after the termination of the residence contract if you select a 5% Reduced Contribution Contract or a 10% Reduced Contribution Contract; or
- > which is 6 months after the termination of the residence contract if you select a Standard Contract
- 14 days after the settlement of the sale of the right to reside in the unit to the next resident or the operator
- 18 months after the termination date of the resident's right to reside under the residence contract, even if the unit has not been resold, unless the operator has been granted an extension for payment by the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT).

In addition, an operator is entitled to see probate or letters of administration before paying the exit entitlement of a former resident who has died.

14.3 What is the turnover of units for sale in the village?

5 accommodation units were vacant as at the end of the last financial year

4 accommodation unit was resold during the last financial year

6-9 months was the average length of time to sell a unit over the last three financial years

Part 15 - Financial management of the village

15.1 What is the financial status for the funds that the operator is required to maintain under the Retirement Villages Act 1999?

General Services Charges Fund for the last 3 years			
Financial Year	Deficit/Surplus	Total general service charges collected for the	Change from previous year
2019/20	\$7.00G	financial year	44 60/
	\$7,226	\$78,294	-44.6%
2018/19	\$13,038	\$78,468	-1,350.0%
2017/18	-\$1,043	\$78,536	-490.6%
Balance of General Services Charges			
Fund for last financial year <i>OR</i> last \$7,597.42		7.42	

quarter if no full financial year available Balance of Maintenance Reserve Fund for last financial year OR last quarter if no full financial year available Balance of Capital Replacement Fund for the last financial year OR last quarter if no full financial year available

N/A (amounts are paid

\$20,959.90

\$-265.34

Percentage of a resident ingoing contribution applied to the Capital Replacement Fund

each year as recommended by the

The operator pays a percentage of a resident's ingoing contribution, as

quantity surveyor's report)

	determined by a quantity surveyor's report, to the Capital Replacement Fund. This fund is used for replacing the village's capital items.
	OR ☐ the village is not yet operating.
Part 16 – Insurance	
village, including for:	take out general insurance, to full replacement value, for the retirement s; and on units, other than accommodation units owned by residents. ards the cost of this insurance as part of the General Services Charge.
	ards the cost of this insurance as part of the ocheral octylogs offarge.
16.1 Is the resident responsible for arranging any insurance cover? If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:	 ✓ Yes □ No If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies: Contents insurance (for the resident's property in the unit) Public liability insurance (for incidents occurring in the resident's unit) Workers' compensation insurance (for the resident's employees or contractors) Third-party insurance (for the resident's motor vehicles or mobility devices)
Part 17 – Living in the vi	illage
Trial or settling in period	-
17.1 Does the village offer prospective residents a trial period or a settling in period in the village?	□ Yes ⊠ No
Pets 17.2 Are residents	
allowed to keep pets?	⊠ Yes □ No
If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on pet ownership	Pets are welcome, if the scheme operator's prior consent is obtained.

Visitors			
17.3 Are there	⊠ Yes □ No		
restrictions on visitors			
staying with residents or visiting?			
If yes: specify any	Residents must notify Village Management of any visitors who stay		
restrictions or conditions			
on visitors (e.g. length of			
stay, arrange with	for more than 14 consecutive nights or for more than 60 days (in total)		
manager)	in any 12 month period, or for more than 4 visitors to stay overnight at		
	the same time. All visitors must complete a log book and agree to		
Villagia by Jawa and villa	adhere to the village rules.		
Village by-laws and villa 17.4 Does the village	ige rules		
have village by-laws?	☐ Yes ☒ No		
	By law, residents may, by special resolution at a residents meeting and		
	with the agreement of the operator, make, change or revoke by-laws		
	for the village.		
	Note: See notice at end of document regarding inspection of village by-laws		
17.5 Does the operator	⊠ Yes □ No		
have other rules for			
the village.	If yes: Rules may be made available on request		
Resident input			
17.6 Does the village	⊠ Yes □ No		
17.6 Does the village have a residents	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee		
17.6 Does the village have a residents committee established	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day		
17.6 Does the village have a residents committee established under the <i>Retirement</i>	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by		
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17.6 Does the village have a residents committee established under the Retirement Villages Act 1999? Part 18 – Accreditation	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by residents. You may like to ask the village manager about an opportunity to talk		
17.6 Does the village have a residents committee established under the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999?</i> Part 18 – Accreditation 18.1 Is the village voluntarily accredited	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by residents. You may like to ask the village manager about an opportunity to talk with members of the resident committee about living in this village.		
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17.6 Does the village have a residents committee established under the Retirement Villages Act 1999? Part 18 – Accreditation 18.1 Is the village voluntarily accredited through an industry-based accreditation scheme? Note: Retirement village villages Act 1999 does not part 19 – Waiting list	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by residents. You may like to ask the village manager about an opportunity to talk with members of the resident committee about living in this village. No, village is not accredited Yes, village is voluntarily accredited through:		
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Access to documents

The following operational documents are held by the retirement village scheme operator and a prospective resident or resident may make a written request to the operator to inspect or take a copy of these documents free of charge. The operator must comply with the request by the date stated by the prospective resident or resident (which must be at least seven days after the request is given).

\boxtimes	Certificate of registration for the retirement village scheme
\boxtimes	Certificate of title or current title search for the retirement village land
\boxtimes	Village site plan
\boxtimes	Plans showing the location, floor plan or dimensions of accommodation units in the village
	Plans of any units or facilities under construction
	Development or planning approvals for any further development of the village
	An approved redevelopment plan for the village under the Retirement Villages Act
	An approved transition plan for the village
	An approved closure plan for the village
\boxtimes	The annual financial statements and report presented to the previous annual meeting
	of the retirement village
\boxtimes	Statements of the balance of the capital replacement fund, maintenance reserve fund or
	general services charges (or income and expenditure for general services) at the end of the previous three financial years of the retirement village
	Statements of the balance of any Body Corporate administrative fund or sinking fund at the
	end of the previous three years of the retirement village
\boxtimes	Examples of contracts that residents may have to enter into
\boxtimes	Village dispute resolution process
	Village by-laws
\boxtimes	Village insurance policies and certificates of currency
\boxtimes	A current public information document (PID) continued in effect under section 237I of the Act (this applies to existing residence contracts)

An example request form containing all the necessary information you must include in your request is available on the Department of Housing and Public Works website.

Further Information

If you would like more information, contact the Department of Housing and Public Works on 13 QGOV (13 74 68) or visit our website at www.hpw.gld.gov.au

General Information

General information and fact sheets on retirement villages: www.qld.gov.au/retirementvillages

For more information on retirement villages and other seniors living options: www.qld.gov.au/seniorsliving

Regulatory Services, Department of Housing and Public Works

Regulatory Services administers the *Retirement Villages Act 1999*. This includes investigating complaints and alleged breaches of the Act.

Department of Housing and Public Works

GPO Box 690, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 07 3008 3450

Email: regulatoryservices@hpw.qld.gov.au Website: www.hpw.qld.gov.au/housing

Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS)

Specialist service providing free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement villages and manufactured home parks in Queensland.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au Website: www.caxton.org.au

Department of Human Services (Australian Government)

Information on planning for retirement and how moving into a retirement village can affect your pension

pension

Phone: 132 300

Website: www.humanservices.gov.au/individuals/subjects/age-pension-and-planning-your-

retirement

Seniors Legal and Support Service

These centres provide free legal and support services for seniors concerned about elder abuse, mistreatment or financial exploitation.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au Website: https://caxton.org.au

Queensland Law Society

Find a solicitor

Law Society House

179 Ann Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000

Phone: 1300 367 757 Email: info@qls.com.au Website: www.qls.com.au

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT)

This independent decision-making body helps resolve disputes and reviews administrative decisions.

GPO Box 1639, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 1300 753 228

Email: enquiries@qcat.qld.gov.au Website: <u>www.qcat.qld.gov.au</u>

Department of Justice and Attorney-General

Dispute Resolution Centres provide a free, confidential and impartial mediation service to the community.

Phone: 07 3006 2518 Toll free: 1800 017 288

Website: www.justice.qld.gov.au

Livable Housing Australia (LHA)

The Livable Housing Guidelines and standards have been developed by industry and the community to provide assurance that a home is easier to access, navigate and live in, as well as more cost effective to adapt when life's circumstances change.

Website: www.livablehousingaustralia.org.au/