

ABN: 86 504 771 740

Village Comparison Document

Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Section 74)

This form is effective from 1 February 2019



Name of village: Yurana Independent Living Units

Important information for the prospective resident

- The Village Comparison Document gives general information about the retirement village accommodation, facilities and services, including the general costs of moving into, living in and leaving the retirement village. This makes it easier for you to compare retirement villages.
- The Retirement Villages Act 1999 requires a retirement village scheme operator to:
 - provide a copy of the Village Comparison Document to a prospective resident of the retirement village within seven days of receiving a request
 - o include a copy of the Village Comparison Document with any promotional material given to a person, other than through a general distribution (e.g. mail-out)
 - publish the Village Comparison Document on the village's website so that the document, or a link to it appears prominently on each page of the website that contains, or has a link to, marketing material for the village
- You can access a copy of this Village Comparison Document on the village website at www.bluecare.org.au
- All amounts in this document are GST-inclusive, unless stated otherwise where that is permitted by law.

Notice for prospective residents

Before you decide whether to live in a retirement village, you should:

- Seek independent legal advice about the retirement village contract there are different types of contracts and they can be complex
- Find out the financial commitments involved in particular, you should understand and consider ingoing costs, ongoing fees and charges (which can increase) and how much it will cost you when you leave the village permanently
- Consider any impacts to any pensions, rate subsidies and rebates you currently receive
- Consider what questions to ask the village manager before signing a contract
- Consider whether retirement village living provides the lifestyle that is right for you. Moving into a retirement village is very different to moving into a new house. It involves buying into a village with communal facilities where usually some of the costs of this lifestyle are deferred until you leave the village. These deferred costs when you leave your unit may be significant.
- Seek further information and advice to help with making a decision that is right for you. Some useful contacts are listed at the end of this document, including:
 - Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS) which provides free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement village. See www.caxton.org.au or phone 07 3214 6333.

 The Queensland Law Society which can provide a list of lawyers who practice retirement village law. See www.gls.com.au or phone: 1300 367 757.

More information

- If you decide to move into a retirement village, the operator will provide you with a Prospective Costs Document for your selected unit, a residence contract and other legal documents.
- By law, you must have a copy of the Village Comparison Document, the Prospective Costs
 Document, the village by-laws, your residence contract and all attachments to your residence
 contract for at least 21 days before you and the operator enter into the residence contract. This
 is to give you time to read these documents carefully and seek professional advice about your
 legal and financial interests. You have the right to waive the 21-day period if you get legal advice
 from a Queensland lawyer about your contract.

The information in this Village Comparison Document is correct as at 1 July 2021 and applies to prospective residents.

Some of the information in this document may not apply to existing residence contracts.

Part 1 – Operator and management details			
1.1 Retirement village	Retirement Village Name: Yurana Independent Living Units		
location	Street Address: 129 Dennis Road		
	Suburb: Springwood		
	State: Queensland		
	Post Code: 4127		
1.2 Owner of the land on which the retirement village scheme is	Name of land owner: The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q)		
located	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A		
	Address: c/- Blue Care, Level 5, 192 Ann Street		
	Suburb: Brisbane		
	State: Queensland		
	Post Code: 4000		
1.3 Village operator	Name of entity that operates the retirement village (scheme operator): The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q) represented by Blue Care ABN 96 010 643 909		
	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A		
	Address: C/- Blue Care, Level 5, 192 Ann Street		
	Suburb: Brisbane		
	State: Queensland		
	Post Code: 4000		

	Date entity became operator: 1970
1.4 Village management and onsite availability	Name of village management entity and contact details: The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q) represented by Blue Care ABN 96 010 643 909
	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A
	Phone: 1800 990 446
	Email: rladmin@bluecare.org.au
	An onsite manager (or representative) is available to residents:
	 ☐ Full time ☐ Part time ☒ By appointment only ☐ None available ☒ Other: The village manager can be contacted by telephone or email on weekdays between 9:00am and 5:00pm.
	Onsite availability includes:
	Weekdays: As required
	Weekends: No availability
	Note from the scheme operator: the village manager is able to be at the village on a regular basis and is available to meet with any resident by prior appointment.
1.5 Approved closure	Is there an approved transition plan for the village?
plan or transition plan for the retirement village	□ Yes ⊠ No
.	A written transition plan approved by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required when an existing operator is transitioning control of the retirement village scheme's operation to a new operator.
	Is there an approved closure plan for the village?
	□ Yes ⊠ No
	A written closure plan approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required if an operator is closing a retirement village scheme. This includes winding down or stopping to operate the village, even temporarily.
1.6 Statutory Charge over retirement village land.	Tenure in a leasehold or freehold scheme is secured by the registration of your interest on the certificate of title for the property. There is no statutory charge registered over leasehold schemes and freehold schemes.

	In relation to licence schemes, a statutory charge over the land is normally registered on the certificate of title by the chief executive of the department administering the Act. If there is no statutory charge registered on a licence scheme, which may be the case for some religious, charitable or community purpose organisations, you should check if the security of tenure offered meets your requirements. Is a statutory charge registered on the certificate of title for the retirement village land? Yes No				
Dort 2 Ago limito	applicable	details of the region	stered statutory char	ge. Not	
Part 2 – Age limits					
2.1 What age limits apply to residents in this village?			st 65. For multiple od r must be at least 60	•	
•		ently in the accomr	atisfied that each oco nodation unit and is	•	
ACCOMMODATION, FACI					
Part 3 – Accommodation	units: Nature c	of ownership or te	enure		
3.1 Resident ownership or tenure of the units in the village is:	 ☐ Freehold (owner resident) ☐ Lease (non-owner resident) ☐ Licence (non-owner resident) ☐ Share in company title entity (non-owner resident) ☐ Unit in unit trust (non-owner resident) ☐ Rental (non-owner resident) 				
Accommodation types	☐ Other				
3.2 Number of units by accommodation type and tenure	There are 48 units in the village, comprising 48 single storey units				
	Freehold Leasehold Licence Other				
Independent living units					
Studio					
- One bedroom	12				
- Two bedrooms	36				
- Three bedrooms					
Serviced units - Studio					
- One bedroom					
- Two bedrooms					
- Three bedrooms					
Other					

Total number of units			48		
Access and design					
3.3 What disability access and design features do the units			nto and between all or stairs) in ⊠ all □		
and the village contain?	☐ Alternative units	ly, a ramp, elevatoı	r or lift allows entry i	nto □ all ⊠ some	
	⊠ Step-free (hobless) shower in	oxtimes all $oxtimes$ some units	;	
	⊠ Width of dounits	oorways allow for w	heelchair access in	□ all ⊠ some	
	⊠ Toilet is ac	ccessible in a wheel	lchair in ⊠ all □ so	me units	
		eatures in the units	s or village that cater ge in place:	for people with	
	□ None				
Part 4 – Parking for resid	dents and visito	ors			
4.1 What car parking in the village is available for residents?	 ✓ Some units with own garage or carport attached or adjacent to the unit ✓ Some units with own garage or carport separate from the unit ✓ Some units with own car park space adjacent to the unit 				
	_	Some units with own car park space separate from the unit☑ General car parking for residents in the village			
	☐ Other park	ing e.g. caravan or	boat:		
	☐ [insert num	nber/unit type] units	with no car parking	for residents	
	☐ No car par	king for residents ir	n the village		
	Restrictions o	on resident's car pa	rking include:		
4.2 Is parking in the village available for visitors? If yes, parking restrictions include	⊠ Yes □ No				
Part 5 – Planning and development					
5.1 Is construction or development of the village complete?	Year village construction started: 1970 ☑ Fully developed / completed				
	☐ Partially developed / completed ☐ Construction yet to commence				

5.2 Construction, development applications and development approvals Provide details and timeframe of development or proposed development, including the final number and types of units and any new facilities.	Provide detail of any construction, development or redevelopment relating to the retirement village land, including details of any related development approval or development applications in accordance with the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> : Not applicable.			
5.3 Redevelopment plan under the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999</i>	Is there an approved redevelopment plan for the village under the Retirement Villages Act? Yes No The Retirement Villages Act may require a written redevelopment plan for certain types of redevelopment of the village and this is different to a development approval. A redevelopment plan must be approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Housing and Public Works. Note: see notice at end of document regarding inspection of the development approval documents.			
Part 6 – Facilities onsite a	t the village			
6.1 The following facilities are currently available to residents:	 Activities or games room Arts and crafts room Auditorium BBQ area outdoors Billiards room Bowling green [indoor] Business centre (e.g. computers, printers, internet access) Chapel / prayer room Communal laundries Community room or centre Dining room Gardens Gym 	☐ Medical consultation room ☐ Restaurant ☐ Shop ☐ Swimming pool [indoor / outdoor] [heated / not heated] ☐ Separate lounge in community centre ☐ Spa [indoor / outdoor] [heated / not heated ☐ Storage area for boats / caravans ☐ Tennis court [full/half] ☐ Village bus or transport ☐ Workshop ☐ Other:		

	☐ Hairdressing or beauty room ☐ Library at is not funded from the General Se	0 1	
if there are any restrictions	on access or sharing of facilities (e.ç	g. with an aged care facility).	
Not applicable.			
6.2 Does the village have an onsite, attached, adjacent or colocated residential aged care facility?	 ✓ Yes ☐ No Name of residential aged care facility and name of the approved provider: Blue Care Springwood Yurana Aged Care Facility, Blue Care 		

Note: Aged care facilities are not covered by the *Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld)*. The retirement village operator cannot keep places free or guarantee places in aged care for residents of the retirement village. To enter a residential aged care facility, you must be assessed as eligible by an Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) in accordance with the *Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)*. Exit fees may apply when you move from your retirement village unit to other accommodation and may involve entering a new contract.

Part 7 - Services

7.1 What services are provided to all village residents (funded from the General Services Charge fund paid by residents)?

'General Services' provided to all residents are:

- Operating the retirement village for the benefit and enjoyment of residents.
- Managing the community facilities.
- Managing security at the retirement village.
- Maintaining the security system, emergency help system and/or safety equipment (if any).
- Maintaining fire-fighting and protection equipment.
- Maintaining and updating safety and emergency procedures for the retirement village.
- Cleaning, maintaining and repairing the community facilities.
- Maintaining, repairing and replacing units and items in, on or attached to the units (except where this is a resident's responsibility).
- Monitoring and eradicating pests.
- Engaging staff and contractors necessary for the operation of the retirement village, which may include a village manager, cleaning and maintenance personnel, security personnel, personal care and nursing personnel and/or relief personnel.
- Arranging for administrative, secretarial, book-keeping, accounting and legal services necessary for the operation of the retirement village.
- Maintaining any licences required in relation to the retirement village.
- Paying operating costs in connection with the ownership and operation of the retirement village.
- Maintaining insurances relating to the retirement village that are required by the Retirement Villages Act 1999 or contemplated by a residence contract or that the scheme operator otherwise deems appropriate.

	 Complying with the Retirement Villages Act 1999. Any other general service funded via a general services charges budget for a financial year. 			
7.2 Are optional personal services provided or made available to residents on a user-pays basis?	☐ Yes ⊠ No			
7.3 Does the retirement village operator provide government funded home care services				
under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)?	☐ Yes, home care is provided in association with an Approved Provider:			
	☐ No, the operator does not provide home care services, residents can arrange their own home care services			
Home Support Program sub an aged care assessment to services are not covered by Residents can choose the the retirement village prov				
Part 8 – Security and emergency systems				
8.1 Does the village have a security system?	□ Yes ⊠ No			
8.2 Does the village have an emergency help system? If yes or optional:				
 the emergency help system details are: 	The emergency system is monitored off-site. The cost of this service is included in the general services charge.			
 the emergency help system is monitored between: 	12 am and 12 pm, 7 days per week.			
8.3 Does the village have equipment that provides for the safety or medical emergency of residents?	□ Yes ⊠ No			

COSTS AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Part 9 – Ingoing contribution - entry costs to live in the village

An ingoing contribution is the amount a prospective resident must pay under a residence contract to secure a right to reside in the retirement village. The ingoing contribution is also referred to as the sale price or purchase price. It does not include ongoing charges such as rent or other recurring fees.

9.1 What is the estimated ingoing contribution (sale price) range for all types of units in the village

Accommodation Unit	Range of ingoing contribution
Independent living units	
- Studio	
- One bedroom	\$231,000
- Two bedrooms	\$210,000 to \$310,000
- Three bedrooms	
Serviced units	
- Studio	
- One bedroom	
- Two bedrooms	
- Three bedrooms	
Other	
Full range of ingoing contributions for all	\$210,000 to \$310,000
unit types	φ210,000 το φ010,000

9.2 Are there different financial options available for paying the ingoing contribution and exit fee or other fees and charges under a residence contract?

If yes: specify or set out in a table how the contract options work e.g. pay a higher ingoing contribution and less or no exit fee. There are three contract types available:

- Standard Contract
- 5% Reduced Contribution Contract
- 10% Reduced Contribution Contract

A Concessional Licence contract may be available to select residents on application to the scheme operator.

Note from the scheme operator: The scheme operator may at its complete discretion offer a Concessional Licence contract to a resident on application to the scheme operator.

The key differences between the contract options are:

Contract option	Ingoing contribution	Payments on exit
Standard Contract	Residents pay an ingoing contribution equal to the fair market value of a right to reside in the unit at the time of entry (Licence Value).	 Residents: receive a refund of the ingoing contribution; pay a maximum exit fee of 32% of the ingoing contribution; and do not receive any capital gain or pay any capital loss. Exit entitlement paid within 6 months of termination.

	Contract	Ingoing	Payments on exit	
	option 5% Reduced Contribution Contract 10% Reduced	Residents pay a reduced ingoing contribution calculated as the Licence Value reduced by 5%. Residents pay a reduced ingoing	Residents: • receive a refund of the reduced ingoing contribution; • pay a maximum exit fee of 37% of the Licence Value; and • do not receive any capital gain or pay any capital loss. Exit entitlement paid within 18 months of termination. Residents: • receive a refund of the	
	Contribution Contract	contribution calculated as the Licence Value reduced by 10%.	reduced ingoing contribution; • pay a maximum exit fee of 42% of the Licence Value; and • do not receive any capital gain or pay any capital loss. Exit entitlement paid within 18 months of termination.	
	Concessional Licence	Residents do not pay an ingoing contribution. Instead they pay an Contract Administration Fee and Administration Fee (which is equivalent to 4 x the weekly Accommodation Fee).	Residents do not receive any payments on exit. Residents pay a weekly Accommodation Fee for the term of the residence contract, instead of an ingoing contribution on entry. Further details are available from the scheme operator on request.	
9.3 What other entry costs do residents need to pay?	☑ Costs related☐ Costs related☐ Advance pay	Transfer or stamp duty Costs related to your residence contract Costs related to any other contract e.g. Advance payment of General Services Charge		
	Note from the scheme operator: Residents who apply and are accepted for a Concessional Licence contract will be required to µ the Contract Administration Fee and Administration Fee (which is equivalent to 4 x the weekly Accommodation Fee). Details about these amounts are available from the scheme operator on requesting the scheme operator on the scheme operator.			

Part 10 - Ongoing Costs - costs while living in the retirement village

General Services Charge: Residents pay this charge for the general services supplied or made available to residents in the village, which may include management and administration, gardening and general maintenance and other services or facilities for recreation and entertainment described at 7.1.

Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution: Residents pay this charge for maintaining and repairing (but not replacing) the village's capital items e.g. communal facilities, swimming pool. This fund may or may not cover maintaining or repairing items in your unit, depending on the terms of your residence contract.

The budgets for the General Services Charges Fund and the Maintenance Reserve Fund are set each financial year and these amounts can increase each year. The amount to be held in the Maintenance Reserve Fund is determined by the operator using a quantity surveyor's report.

Note: The following ongoing costs are all stated as weekly amounts to help you compare the costs of different villages. However, the billing period for these amounts may not be weekly.

10.1 Current weekly rates of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Type of Unit	General Services Charge (weekly)	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (weekly)
Independent Living Units		
- Studio		
- One bedroom		
- Two bedrooms		
- Three bedrooms		
Serviced Units		•
- Studio		
- One bedroom		
- Two bedrooms		
- Three bedrooms		
Other		
All units pay a flat rate	\$78.93	\$27.14

Last three years of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Financial year	General Services Charge (range) (weekly)	Overall % change from previous year	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (range) (weekly)	Overall % change from previous year (+ or -)
2020/21	\$71.70 to \$71.70	-0.02%	\$26.80 to \$26.80	0.3%
2019/20	\$73.07 to \$73.07	3.8%	\$26.73 to \$26.73	14.7%
2018/19	\$70.40 to \$70.40	1.2%	\$23.30 to \$23.30	18.7%
2017/18	\$69.54 to \$69.54	3.6%	\$19.63 to \$19.63	2.9%

10.2 What costs relating	□ Contents insurance	□ Water	
to the units are not covered by the General	☐ Home insurance (freehold	⊠ Telephone	
Services Charge? (residents will need to pay these costs separately)	units only)	☑ Internet	
	⊠ Electricity	⊠ Pay TV	
coparatory,	⊠ Gas	☐ Other:	
10.3 What other ongoing or occasional costs for repair, maintenance and replacement of items in, on or attached to the units are residents responsible for and pay	asional costs for maintenance and lement of items in, attached to the are residents insible for and pay □ Unit fixtures □ Unit appliances □ None		
for while residing in the unit?			
	Unit fixtures and appliances provid maintained by the scheme operator general services charge and maint Capital items are replaced using fund.	or. This service is included in the tenance reserve fund contribution.	
10.4 Does the operator offer a maintenance service or help residents arrange repairs and maintenance for their unit? If yes: provide details, including any charges for	☑ Yes ☐ No Unit fixtures and appliances provided by scheme operator are maintained by the scheme operator. This service is included in the general services charge and maintenance reserve fund contribution.		
this service. Part 11– Exit fees - when y			
	an exit fee to the operator when the	ev leave their unit or when the right	
	. This is also referred to as a 'defer	•	
11.1 Do residents pay an exit fee when they permanently leave their unit?	 ☐ Yes – all residents pay an exit fee calculated using the same formula ☑ Yes – all new residents pay an exit fee but the way this is worked out may vary depending on each resident's residence contract ☐ No exit fee ☐ Other 		
If yes: list all exit fee options that may apply to new contracts	Standard Contract 6% of the ingoing contribution for the first year of residence, 11% of the ingoing contribution for two years of residence, 15% of the ingoing contribution for three years of residence, 19% of the ingoing contribution for four years of residence, 23% of the ingoing contribution for five years of residence, 26% of the ingoing contribution for six years of residence, 29% of the ingoing contribution for seven		

years of residence and up to a maximum of 32% of the ingoing contribution for eight years of residence or more.

5% Reduced Contribution Contract

11% of the fair market value of a right to reside in the unit at the time of entry (**Licence Value**) for the first year of residence, 16% of the Licence Value for two years of residence, 20% of the Licence Value for three years of residence, 24% of the Licence Value for four years of residence, 28% of the Licence Value for five years of residence, 31% of the Licence Value for six years of residence, 34% of the Licence Value for seven years of residence and up to a maximum of 37% of the Licence Value for eight years of residence or more.

10% Reduced Contribution Contract

16% of the Licence Value for the first year of residence, 21% of the Licence Value for two years of residence, 25% of the Licence Value for three years of residence, 29% of the Licence Value for four years of residence, 33% of the Licence Value for five years of residence, 36% of the Licence Value for six years of residence 39% of the Licence Value for seven years of residence and up to a maximum of 42% of the Licence Value for eight years of residence or more.

The exit fee is calculated on a pro-rata daily basis for partial years of residence.

Note from the scheme operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a Concessional Licence contract, the resident will not be required to pay an exit fee.

Under a Concessional Licence contract, an End of Licence Fee is payable the amount of which is available from the scheme operator on request.

Standard Contract	
Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: your ingoing contribution
1 year	6% of your ingoing contribution
2 years	11% of your ingoing contribution
3 years	15% of your ingoing contribution
4 years	19% of your ingoing contribution
5 years	23% of your ingoing contribution
6 years	26% of your ingoing contribution
7 years	29% of your ingoing contribution

8 years	32% of your ingoing contribution
More than 8 years	32% of your ingoing contribution

Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee is 32% of the ingoing contribution after 8 years of residence.

The minimum exit fee is: 6% of your ingoing contribution x 1/365.

Note from the scheme operator: The minimum exit fee is for 1 day of residence.

5% Reduced Contribution Contract

Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: the fair market value of a right to reside in the unit at the time of entry (Licence Value)
1 year	11% of the Licence Value
2 years	16% of the Licence Value
3 years	20% of the Licence Value
4 years	24% of the Licence Value
5 years	28% of the Licence Value
6 years	31% of the Licence Value
7 years	34% of the Licence Value
8 years	37% of the Licence Value
More than 8 years	37% of the Licence Value

Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee is 37% of the Licence Value after 8 years of residence.

The minimum exit fee is: 11% of the Licence Value x 1/365.

Note from the scheme operator: The minimum exit fee is for 1 day of residence.

10% Reduced Contribution Contract

Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: the fair market value of a right to reside in the unit at the time of entry (Licence Value)
1 year	16% of the Licence Value
2 years	21% of the Licence Value
3 years	25% of the Licence Value

4 years	29% of the Licence Value
5 years	33% of the Licence Value
6 years	36% of the Licence Value
7 years	39% of the Licence Value
8 years	42% of the Licence Value
More than 8 years	42% of the Licence Value
Note: if the period of occur	ation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked

Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee is 42% of the Licence Value after 8 years of residence.

The minimum exit fee is: 16% of the Licence Value x 1/365.

Note from the scheme operator: The minimum exit fee is for 1 day of residence.

11.2 What other exit costs do residents need to pay or contribute to?

☐ Sale costs for the unit

□ Legal costs

- Exit Administration Fee; and
- A portion of the costs of valuation (if you and operator cannot agree on resale value).

Note from scheme operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a Concessional Licence contract, the resident is not required to contribute to the costs listed above.

Part 12 - Reinstatement and renovation of the unit

12.1 Is the resident responsible for reinstatement of the unit when they leave the unit?

Note from operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a Concessional Licence contract, the resident is only responsible for damage they cause to the accommodation unit. The scheme operator will pay all other costs associated with reinstatement work.

Reinstatement work means replacements or repairs that are reasonably necessary to return the unit to the same condition it was in when the resident started occupation, apart from:

- fair wear and tear: and
- renovations and other changes to the condition of the unit carried out with agreement of the resident and operator.

Fair wear and tear includes a reasonable amount of wear and tear associated with the use of items commonly used in a retirement village. However, a resident is responsible for the cost of replacing a

	capital item of the retirement village if the resident deliberately damages the item or causes accelerated wear. Entry and exit inspections and reports are undertaken by the operator and resident to assess the condition of the unit.	
12.2 Is the resident responsible for renovation of the unit when they leave the unit?	Yes, all residents pay% of any renovation costs (in same proportion as the share of the capital gain on the sale of their unit)	
	Optional, only applies to residents who share in the capital gain on the sale of their unit, and the resident pays% of any renovation costs	
	⊠ No	
	Renovation means replacements or repairs other than reinstatement work. By law, the operator is responsible for the cost of any renovation work on a former resident's unit, unless the residence contract provides for the resident to share in the capital gain on the sale of the resident's interest in the unit. Renovation costs are shared between the former resident and operator in the same proportion as any capital gain is to be shared under the residence contract.	
Part 13 – Capital gain or lo	osses	
13.1 When the resident's interest or right to reside in the unit is sold, does the resident share in the capital <i>gain</i> or capital <i>loss</i> on the resale of their unit?	☐ Yes, the resident's share of the the resident's share of the capital gain is	
	Optional - residents can elect to share in a capital gain or loss option	
	the resident's share of the capital gain is	
	⊠ No	

Part 14 – Exit entitlement or buyback of freehold units

An exit entitlement is the amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a residence contract after the right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit.

14.1 How is the exit entitlement which the operator will pay the resident worked out?

The scheme operator will repay the ingoing contribution to the resident.

When the scheme operator makes this payment, the resident must pay to the scheme operator the following amounts:

- the exit fee (see item 11.1);
- the Exit Administration Fee, legal costs and valuation costs (if any) (see item 11.2);
- the costs of reinstatement work (see item 12.1); and
- any other outstanding amounts payable by the resident under the residence contract.

Note from the scheme operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a Concessional Licence contract, the resident must pay the End of Licence Fee in accordance with the residence contract.

14.2 When is the exit entitlement payable?

By law, the operator must pay the exit entitlement to a former resident on or before the **earliest** of the following days:

- the day stated in the residence contract
 - which is 18 months after the termination of the residence contract if you select a 5% Reduced Contribution Contract or a 10% Reduced Contribution Contract; or
 - which is 6 months after the termination of the residence contract if you select a Standard Contract.
- 14 days after the settlement of the sale of the right to reside in the unit to the next resident or the operator
- 18 months after the termination date of the resident's right to reside under the residence contract, even if the unit has not been resold, unless the operator has been granted an extension for payment by the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT).

In addition, an operator is entitled to see probate or letters of administration before paying the exit entitlement of a former resident who has died.

Note from the scheme operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a Concessional Licence contract, the resident does not receive an exit entitlement.

14.3 What is the turnover of units for sale in the village?

7 accommodation units were vacant as at the end of the last financial year

4 accommodation units were resold during the last financial year

6 - 9 months was the average length of time to sell a unit over the last three financial years

Part 15 - Financial management of the village

15.1 What is the financial status for the funds that the operator is required to maintain under the *Retirement Villages Act* 1999?

General Services Charges Fund for the last 3 years				
Financial	Deficit/Surplus	Balance		Change from
Year				previous year
2020/21	Audited data	Audited dat	a not	
	not yet	yet availabl	е	
	available			
2019/20	\$10,993	\$182,376		22.4%
2018/19	\$8,979	\$175,710		3.29%
2017/18	\$-3,921	\$173,565		12.6%
Balance of G	eneral Services	Charges		
	financial year OF	_	\$17,034	1 17
	ull financial year		ψ17,00-	r. 1 /
	aintenance Rese			
	ial year OR last q		\$161,01	0.58
full financial year available		, ,		
Balance of Capital Replacement Fund				
for the last financial year OR last quarter if		\$49,894	1.90	
no full financial year available				
	f a resident ingoir	•	`	nounts are paid
contribution applied to the Capital		each ye		
Replacement Fund			nended by the	
quantity sur		surveyor's		
The operator pays a percentage of a		report)		
resident's ingoing contribution, as				
determined by a quantity surveyor's				
report, to the Capital Replacement Fund. This fund is used for replacing the				
village's capital items.				
village s capit	ai itellis.			

OR

 \boxtimes the village is not yet operating.

Part 16 - Insurance

The village operator must take out general insurance, to full replacement value, for the retirement village, including for:

- communal facilities; and
- the accommodation units, other than accommodation units owned by residents.

Residents contribute towards the cost of this insurance as part of the General Services Charge.

16.1 Is the resident responsible for arranging any insurance cover?

If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:

If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:

- Contents insurance (for the resident's property in the unit)
- Public liability insurance (for incidents occurring in the resident's unit)

- Workers' compensation insurance (for the resident's employees or contractors)
- Third-party insurance (for the resident's motor vehicles or mobility devices)

Part 17 - Living in the village

Trial or settling in period in the village

17.1 Does the village offer prospective residents a trial period or a settling in period in the village?

The scheme operator offers a peace of mind guarantee for a period of 3 months after the commencement date of the licence (**Peace of Mind Guarantee Period**) if the resident changes their mind about living in the village or the licence is otherwise terminated by the resident.

The peace of mind guarantee does not apply if the contract is Concessional Licence.

If:

- a) the resident gives 1 months' notice of termination of the licence during the Peace of Mind Guarantee Period; or
- b) the licence is terminated because the resident dies during the Peace of Mind Guarantee Period,

and the unit is vacated by the **Vacant Possession Date**, being:

- c) the date that is 1 month after the operator receives the notice under paragraph a); or
- d) the date that is 1 month after the licence is terminated under paragraph b),

and all required documents are delivered to the scheme operator, then:

- e) the resident's liability to pay the general services charge and maintenance reserve fund contribution will end on the Vacant Possession Date;
- f) the scheme operator will refund the resident's ingoing contribution within 1 month of the Vacant Possession Date;
- g) the resident will not be required to pay an exit fee (part 11.1) or an exit administration fee (part 11.2);
- h) the following charges and costs will be payable and set off against the refund of the ingoing contribution:
 - the resident's liability for the general services charge, maintenance reserve fund contribution (part 10.1) and costs under any other agreements with the operator;
 - ii. legal costs (part 11.2); and
 - iii. costs of reinstatement work (if any) (part 12.1).

Pets	
17.2 Are residents allowed to keep pets?	⊠ Yes □ No
If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on pet ownership	Pets are welcome, if the scheme operator's prior consent is obtained.
Visitors	
17.3 Are there restrictions on visitors staying with residents or visiting? If yes: specify any	 ✓ Yes □ No Residents must notify Village Management of any visitors who stay
restrictions or conditions on visitors (e.g. length of stay, arrange with manager)	overnight, and must stay in the unit at the same time as their visitor. The scheme operator's prior consent is required for any visitor to stay for more than 14 consecutive nights or for more than 60 days (in total) in any 12 month period, or for more than 4 visitors to stay overnight at the same time. All visitors must complete a log book and agree to adhere to the village rules.
Village by-laws and villag	e rules
17.4 Does the village have village by-laws?	☐ Yes ☒ No
	By law, residents may, by special resolution at a residents meeting and with the agreement of the operator, make, change or revoke bylaws for the village. Note: See notice at end of document regarding inspection of village by-laws
17.5 Does the operator have other rules for the	⊠ Yes □ No
village.	If yes: As set out in the residence contract. Additional rules may also be made by the scheme operator from time to time about units, the village facilities and behaviour in the village.
Resident input	
17.6 Does the village have a residents	⊠ Yes □ No
committee established under the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999</i> ?	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by residents.
	You may like to ask the village manager about an opportunity to talk with members of the resident committee about living in this village.
Part 18 – Accreditation	
18.1 Is the village voluntarily accredited through an industrybased accreditation	☒ No, village is not accredited☐ Yes, village is voluntarily accredited through:
scheme?	
1	creditation schemes are industry-based schemes. The Retirement establish an accreditation scheme or standards for retirement villages.

Retirement Villages Act 1999 • Section 74 • Form 3 • V8 • March 2021

Part 19 – Waiting list	
19.1 Does the village maintain a waiting list for entry?	□ Yes ⊠ No

Access to documents

The following operational documents are held by the retirement village scheme operator and a prospective resident or resident may make a written request to the operator to inspect or take a copy of these documents free of charge. The operator must comply with the request by the date stated by the prospective resident or resident (which must be at least seven days after the request is given).

\boxtimes	Certificate of registration for the retirement village scheme
\boxtimes	Certificate of title or current title search for the retirement village land
\boxtimes	Village site plan
\boxtimes	Plans showing the location, floor plan or dimensions of accommodation units in the village
	Plans of any units or facilities under construction
	Development or planning approvals for any further development of the village
	An approved redevelopment plan for the village under the Retirement Villages Act
	An approved transition plan for the village
	An approved closure plan for the village
\boxtimes	The annual financial statements and report presented to the previous annual meeting
	of the retirement village
	Statements of the balance of the capital replacement fund or maintenance reserve fund or general services charges fund (or income and expenditure for general services) at the end of the previous three financial years of the retirement village
	Statements of the balance of any Body Corporate administrative fund or sinking fund at the end of the previous three years of the retirement village
\boxtimes	Examples of contracts that residents may have to enter into
\boxtimes	Village dispute resolution process
	Village by-laws
\boxtimes	Village insurance policies and certificates of currency
\boxtimes	A current public information document (PID) continued in effect under section 237I of the
	Act (this applies to existing residence contracts)

An example request form containing all the necessary information you must include in your request is available on the Department of Housing and Public Works website.

Further Information

If you would like more information, contact the Department of Housing and Public Works on 13 QGOV (13 74 68) or visit our website at www.hpw.qld.gov.au

General Information

General information and fact sheets on retirement villages: www.qld.gov.au/retirementvillages
For more information on retirement villages and other seniors living options:
www.qld.gov.au/seniorsliving

Regulatory Services, Department of Housing and Public Works

Regulatory Services administers the *Retirement Villages Act 1999*. This includes investigating complaints and alleged breaches of the Act.

Department of Housing and Public Works

GPO Box 690, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 07 3008 3450

Email: regulatoryservices@hpw.qld.gov.au Website: www.hpw.qld.gov.au/housing

Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS)

Specialist service providing free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement villages and manufactured home parks in Queensland.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au Website: www.caxton.org.au

Department of Human Services (Australian Government)

Information on planning for retirement and how moving into a retirement village can affect your pension

Phone: 132 300

Website: www.humanservices.gov.au/individuals/subjects/age-pension-and-planning-your-

retirement

Seniors Legal and Support Service

These centres provide free legal and support services for seniors concerned about elder abuse, mistreatment or financial exploitation.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au Website: https://caxton.org.au

Queensland Law Society

Find a solicitor Law Society House 179 Ann Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000

Phone: 1300 367 757 Email: info@qls.com.au Website: www.qls.com.au

Queensland Civil and Administrative

Tribunal (QCAT)

This independent decision-making body helps resolve disputes and reviews administrative decisions.

GPO Box 1639, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 1300 753 228

Email: enquiries@qcat.qld.gov.au Website: <u>www.qcat.qld.gov.au</u>

Department of Justice and Attorney-General

Dispute Resolution Centres provide a free, confidential and impartial mediation service to the

community.

Phone: 07 3006 2518 Toll free: 1800 017 288

Website: www.justice.qld.gov.au

Liveable Housing Australia (LHA)

The Liveable Housing Guidelines and standards have been developed by industry and the community to provide assurance that a home is easier to access, navigate and live in, as well as more cost effective to adapt when life's circumstances change.

Website: www.livablehousingaustralia.org.au/