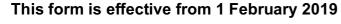
Village Comparison Document

Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Section 74)





Live life your way.

Name of village: Brassall Village Independent Living

Important information for the prospective resident

• The Village Comparison Document gives general information about the retirement village accommodation, facilities and services, including the general costs of moving into, living in and leaving the retirement village. This makes it easier for you to compare retirement villages.

Form

- The Retirement Villages Act 1999 requires a retirement village scheme operator to:
 - provide a copy of the Village Comparison Document to a prospective resident of the retirement village within seven days of receiving a request
 - include a copy of the Village Comparison Document with any promotional material given to a person, other than through a general distribution (e.g. mail-out)
 - publish the Village Comparison Document on the village's website so that the document, or a link to it appears prominently on each page of the website that contains, or has a link to, marketing material for the village
- You can access a copy of this Village Comparison Document on the village website at <u>www.bluecare.org.au</u>
- All amounts in this document are GST-inclusive, unless stated otherwise where that is permitted by law.

Notice for prospective residents

Before you decide whether to live in a retirement village, you should:

- Seek independent legal advice about the retirement village contract there are different types of contracts and they can be complex
- Find out the financial commitments involved in particular, you should understand and consider ingoing costs, ongoing fees and charges (which can increase) and how much it will cost you when you leave the village permanently
- Consider any impacts to any pensions, rate subsidies and rebates you currently receive
- Consider what questions to ask the village manager before signing a contract
- Consider whether retirement village living provides the lifestyle that is right for you. Moving into a retirement village is very different to moving into a new house. It involves buying into a village with communal facilities where usually some of the costs of this lifestyle are deferred until you leave the village. These deferred costs when you leave your unit may be significant.
- Seek further information and advice to help with making a decision that is right for you. Some useful contacts are listed at the end of this document, including:
 - Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS) which provides free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement village. See www.caxton.org.au or phone 07 3214 6333.
 - The Queensland Law Society which can provide a list of lawyers who practice retirement



village law. See www.qls.com.au or phone: 1300 367 757.

More information

- If you decide to move into a retirement village, the operator will provide you with a Prospective Costs Document for your selected unit, a residence contract and other legal documents.
- By law, you must have a copy of the Village Comparison Document, the Prospective Costs Document, the village by-laws, your residence contract and all attachments to your residence contract for at least 21 days before you and the operator enter into the residence contract. This is to give you time to read these documents carefully and seek professional advice about your legal and financial interests. You have the right to waive the 21-day period if you get legal advice from a Queensland lawyer about your contract.

The information in this Village Comparison Document is correct as at 25 February 2020 and applies to prospective residents.

Some of the information in this document may not apply to existing residence contracts.

Part 1 – Operator and management details		
1.1 Retirement village	Retirement Village Name: Brassall Village Independent Living	
location	Street Address: 9 Charles Street	
	Suburb: Brassall	
	State: Queensland	
	Post Code: 4305	
1.2 Owner of the land	Name of land owner: The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q)	
on which the retirement village	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A	
scheme is located	Address: c/- Blue Care, Level 5, 192 Ann Street	
	Suburb: Brisbane	
	State: Queensland	
	Post Code: 4000	
1.3 Village operator	Name of entity that operates the retirement village (scheme operator): The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q) represented by Blue Care ABN 96 010 643 909	
	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A	
	Address: C/- Blue Care, Level 5, 192 Ann Street	
	Suburb: Brisbane	
	State: Queensland	
	Post Code: 4000	
	Date entity became operator: 1971	

	Is there an approved transition plan for the village? \Box Yes \boxtimes No		
	A written transition plan approved by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required when an existing operator is transitioning control of the retirement village scheme's operation to a new operator.		
	Is there an approved closure plan for the village?		
	□ Yes ⊠ No		
	A written closure plan approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required if an operator is closing a retirement village scheme. This includes winding down or stopping to operate the village, even temporarily.		
1.4 Village management and onsite availability	Name of village management entity and contact details: The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Q) represented by Blue Care ABN 96 010 643 909		
	Australian Company Number (ACN): N/A		
	Phone: 1800 990 446		
	Email: rladmin@bluecare.org.au		
	An onsite manager (or representative) is available to residents:		
	 □ Full time ⊠ Part time □ By appointment only □ None available ⊠ Other: As needed outside of scheduled site visit 		
	Onsite availability includes:		
	Weekdays: Tuesdays 9am to 5pm Weekends: No availability		
1.5 Approved closure plans and transition	Is there an approved transition plan for the village? \Box Yes \Box No		
plans for the retirement village	A written transition plan approved by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required when an existing operator is transitioning control of the retirement village scheme's operation to a new operator.		
	Is there an approved closure plan for the village?		
	□ Yes ⊠ No		
	A written closure plan approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Housing and Public Works is required if an operator is closing a		

	retirement village scheme. This includes winding down or stopping to operate the village, even temporarily.	
1.6 Statutory Charge over retirement village land.	Tenure in a leasehold or freehold scheme is secured by the registration of your interest on the certificate of title for the property. There is no statutory charge registered over leasehold schemes and freehold schemes.	
	In relation to licence schemes, a statutory charge over the land is normally registered on the certificate of title by the chief executive of the department administering the Act. If there is no statutory charge registered on a licence scheme, which may be the case for some religious, charitable or community purpose organisations, you should check if the security of tenure offered meets your requirements.	
	Is a statutory charge registered on the certificate of title for the retirement village land?	
	□ Yes ⊠ No	
	If yes, provide details of the registered statutory charge: Not applicable	
Part 2 – Age limits		
2.1 What age limits apply to residents in		
apply to residents in	Single occupants must be at least 65. For multiple occupants, one must be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60.	
-		
apply to residents in this village?	be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60. The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live	
apply to residents in this village? ACCOMMODATION, FA	be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60. The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live in the village.	
apply to residents in this village? ACCOMMODATION, FA Part 3 – Accommodatio 3.1 Resident	be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60. The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live in the village.	
apply to residents in this village? ACCOMMODATION, FA Part 3 – Accommodatio 3.1 Resident ownership or tenure of	be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60. The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live in the village. CILITIES AND SERVICES n units: Nature of ownership or tenure	
apply to residents in this village? ACCOMMODATION, FA Part 3 – Accommodatio 3.1 Resident	 be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60. The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live in the village. CILITIES AND SERVICES n units: Nature of ownership or tenure Freehold (owner resident) 	
apply to residents in this village? ACCOMMODATION, FA Part 3 – Accommodatio 3.1 Resident ownership or tenure of the units in the village	 be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60. The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live in the village. CILITIES AND SERVICES n units: Nature of ownership or tenure Freehold (owner resident) Lease (non-owner resident) 	
apply to residents in this village? ACCOMMODATION, FA Part 3 – Accommodatio 3.1 Resident ownership or tenure of the units in the village	 be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60. The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live in the village. CILITIES AND SERVICES n units: Nature of ownership or tenure Freehold (owner resident) Lease (non-owner resident) Licence (non-owner resident) 	
apply to residents in this village? ACCOMMODATION, FA Part 3 – Accommodatio 3.1 Resident ownership or tenure of the units in the village	 be at least 65 and the other must be at least 60. The scheme operator must be satisfied that each occupant is able to live independently in the accommodation unit and is a suitable person to live in the village. CILITIES AND SERVICES n units: Nature of ownership or tenure Freehold (owner resident) Lease (non-owner resident) Licence (non-owner resident) Share in company title entity (non-owner resident) 	

Accommodation types				
3.2 Number of units by accommodation type and tenure		nits in the village, c	omprising 59 single	-storey units.
Accommodation Unit	Freehold	Leasehold	Licence	Other
Independent living units				
- Studio			8	
- One bedroom			14	
- Two bedrooms			6	
- Three bedrooms Serviced units			1	
- Studio			28	
- One bedroom			1	
- Two bedrooms			1	
- Three bedrooms			-	
Other				
Total number of units			59	
Access and design				
3.3 What disability	□ Level access	s from the street int	o and between all a	areas of the unit
access and design	(i.e. no external	or internal steps o	r stairs) in □ all ⊠	some units
features do the units			,	
and the village contain?	•	, a ramp, elevator o	or lift allows entry in	ito ⊔ all ⊠ some
contain:	units			
	$oxed{intermat}$ Step-free (hobless) shower in $oxed{intermat}$ all $oxed{intermat}$ some units			
	 Width of doorways allow for wheelchair access in all some units Toilet is accessible in a wheelchair in all some units Other key features in the units or village that cater for people with disability or assist residents to age in place: 			
				ne units
				for people with
	□ None			
Part 4 – Parking for resi	dents and visito	ors		
4.1 What car parking in the village is	Some units with own garage or carport attached or adjacent to the unit			-
available for residents?	 Some units with own garage or carport separate from the unit All / Some [unit type] units with own car park space adjacent to the unit 			
	□ All / Some [unit type] units with own car park space separate unit			e separate from the
	🛛 General car	parking for residen	ts in the village	
	□ Other parking	g e.g. caravan or b	oat:	
	\boxtimes 37 units with no car parking for residents			

	\Box No car parking for residents in the village		
	Restrictions on resident's car parking include:		
4.2 Is parking in the village available for visitors?	🖾 Yes 🗆 No		
If yes, parking restrictions include	Not applicable		
Part 5 – Planning and de	evelopment		
	Vear village construction started: 1971		
5.1 Is construction or development of the	Year village construction started: 1971		
village complete?	☑ Fully developed / completed □ Partially developed / completed		
5.2.Construction	Construction yet to commend		
5.2 Construction, development applications and development approvals	Provide detail of any construction, development or redevelopment relating to the retirement village land, including details of any related development approval or development applications in accordance with the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> :		
Provide details and timeframe of development or proposed development, including the final number and types of units and any new facilities.	Not applicable.		
5.3 Redevelopment plan under the <i>Retirement Villages</i> <i>Act 1999</i>	Is there an approved redevelopment plan for the village under the <i>Retirement Villages Act</i> ?		
	The Retirement Villages Act may require a written redevelopment plan for certain types of redevelopment of the village and this is different to a development approval. A redevelopment plan must be approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Housing and Public Works.		
	Note: see notice at end of document regarding inspection of the development approval documents.		
Part 6 – Facilities onsite	at the village		
6.1 The following facilities are currently	Activities or games room	Medical consultation room	
available to residents:	☐ Arts and crafts room	Restaurant	
	Auditorium	□ Shop	
	☐ BBQ area outdoors	Swimming pool [indoor / outdoor] [heated / not heated]	

	 □ Billiards room ☑ Bowling green [indoor] □ Business centre (e.g. computers, printers, internet access) ☑ Chapel / prayer room ☑ Communal laundries ☑ Community room or centre ☑ Dining room ☑ Gardens □ Gym ☑ Hairdressing or beauty room ☑ Library hat is not funded from the Generation of the comparison of t	 Separate lounge in community centre Spa [indoor / outdoor] [heated / not heated Storage area for boats / caravans Tennis court [full/half] Village bus or transport Workshop Other: 	
6.2 Does the village have an onsite, attached, adjacent or co-located residential aged care facility?	Yes No Name of residential aged care facility and name of the approved provider: Blue Care Brassall Aged Care Facility, operated by Blue Care.		
Note: Aged care facilities are not covered by the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld)</i> . The retirement village operator cannot keep places free or guarantee places in aged care for residents of the retirement village. To enter a residential aged care facility, you must be assessed as eligible by an Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) in accordance with the <i>Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)</i> . Exit fees may apply when you move from your retirement village unit to other accommodation and may involve entering a new contract.			
Part 7 – Services			
7.1 What services are provided to all village residents (funded from the General Services Charge Fund paid by residents)?	 'General Services' provided to all residents are: Operating the retirement village for the benefit and enjoyment of residents. Managing the community facilities. Managing security at the retirement village. Maintaining the security system, emergency help system and/or safety equipment (if any). Maintaining fire-fighting and protection equipment. Maintaining and updating safety and emergency procedures for the retirement village. 		

	 Cleaning, maintaining and repairing the community facilities. Maintaining, repairing and replacing units and items in, on or attached to the units (except where this is a resident's responsibility). Monitoring and eradicating pests. Engaging staff and contractors necessary for the operation of the retirement village, which may include a village manager, cleaning and maintenance personnel, security personnel, personal care and nursing personnel and/or relief personnel. Arranging for administrative, secretarial, book-keeping, accounting and legal services necessary for the operation of the retirement village. Maintaining any licences required in relation to the retirement village. Paying operating costs in connection with the ownership and operation of the retirement village. Maintaining insurances relating to the retirement village that are required by the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999</i> or contemplated by a residence contract or that the scheme operator otherwise deems appropriate. Complying with the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999</i>. Any other general service funded via a general services charges budget for a financial year. 		
7.2 Are optional personal services provided or made available to residents on a user-pays basis?	Yes INO Meals are available on a user-pays basis. A full menu and pricelist can be obtained from reception		
7.3 Does the retirement village operator provide government funded home care services under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)?	 Yes, the operator is an Approved Provider of home care under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Registered Accredited Care Supplier – NAPS ID 18023) Yes, home care is provided in association with an Approved Provider: No, the operator does not provide home care services, residents can 		
Note: Some residents may be eligible to receive a Home Care Package, or a CommonwealthHome Support Program subsidised by the Commonwealth Government if assessed as eligible by an aged care assessment team (ACAT) under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth). These home care services are not covered by the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld).Residents can choose their own approved Home Care Provider and are not obliged to use the retirement village provider, if one is offered.			
Part 8 – Security and en	hergency systems		
8.1 Does the village have a security system?	□ Yes ⊠ No		
8.2 Does the village have an emergency help system?	⊠ Yes - all residents □ Optional □ No		

 If yes or optional: the emergency help system details are: the emergency help system is monitored between: 	The emergency system is m included in the general serv 24 hours per day, 7 days pe	-	
8.3 Does the village have equipment that provides for the safety or medical emergency of residents?	□ Yes ⊠ No		
COSTS AND FINANCIAL	MANAGEMENT		
	ution - entry costs to live in		
to secure a right to reside	in the retirement village. The	sident must pay under a residence contract ingoing contribution is also referred to as going charges such as rent or other	
9.1 What is the	Accommodation Unit	Range of ingoing contribution	
estimated ingoing	Independent living units		
contribution (sale	- Studio	\$126,000 to \$147,000	
price) range for all types of units in the	- One bedroom	\$147,000 to \$189,000	
village	- Two bedrooms	\$200,000 to \$231,000	
	- Three bedrooms		
	Serviced units		
	- Studio		
	- One bedroom		
	- Two bedrooms		
	- Three bedrooms		
	Other		
	Full range of ingoing contributions for all unit types	\$126,000 to \$231,000	

9.2 Are there different financial options	🛛 Yes 🗆 No			
available for paying	The standard licence contract type is available to <u>all residents</u> .			
the ingoing contribution and exit	The concessional licence contract type may be available on application to the scheme operator:			
fee or other fees and charges under a residence contract? If yes: specify or set out	Note from the scheme operator: The scheme operator may at its complete discretion offer a concessional licence contract to a resident on application to the scheme operator.			
in a table how the	The key differences between the 2 contract options are:			
contract options work e.g. pay a higher ingoing contribution and less or no exit fee.	Contract option	Payments on exit	Exit entitlement payment date after vacating the village (refer 14.2)	
	Standard Licence Concessional Licence	Residents receive a refund of their ingoing contribution. Various amounts are also set off the ingoing contribution, including the exit fee (see section 11.1 for more details). Residents do not receive any payments on exit. Residents pay a weekly Accommodation Fee for the term of the residence contract, instead of an ingoing contribution on entry. See item 9.3 and item 11.1 for other fees that a resident must pay on	N/A	
		entry to and exit from the village.		
9.3 What other entry costs do residents need to pay?	 Transfer or stamp duty Costs related to your residence contract Costs related to any other contract e.g Advance payment of General Services Charge Other costs 			
	Note from the scheme operator : Residents who apply and are accepted for a concessional licence contract will be required to pay the Contract Administration Fee and Administration Fee (which is equivalent to 4 x the weekly Accommodation Fee). Details about these amounts are available from the scheme operator on request.			

Part 10 – Ongoing Costs - costs while living in the retirement village

General Services Charge: Residents pay this charge for the general services supplied or made available to residents in the village, which may include management and administration, gardening and general maintenance and other services or facilities for recreation and entertainment described at 7.1.

Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution: Residents pay this charge for maintaining and repairing (but not replacing) the village's capital items e.g. communal facilities, swimming pool. This fund may or may not cover maintaining or repairing items in your unit, depending on the terms of your residence contract.

The budgets for the General Services Charges Fund and the Maintenance Reserve Fund are set each financial year and these amounts can increase each year. The amount to be held in the Maintenance Reserve Fund is determined by the operator using a quantity surveyor's report.

Note: The following ongoing costs are all stated as weekly amounts to help you compare the costs of different villages. However, the billing period for these amounts may not be weekly.

10.1 Current weekly rates of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Type of Unit	General Services Charge (weekly)	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (weekly)
Independent Living Units		
- Studio	\$119.09	
- One bedroom	\$119.09	
- Two bedrooms	\$126.71	
- Three bedrooms		
Serviced Units		
- Studio	\$90.91	
- One bedroom	\$119.09	
- Two bedrooms		
- Three bedrooms		
Other		
All units pay a flat rate		\$21.99

Last three years of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Financial year	General Services Charge (range) (weekly)	Overall % change from previous year	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (range) (weekly)	Overall % change from previous year (+ or -)
2018/19	\$88.94 to \$123.88	0.9%	\$21.28 to \$21.28	11.2%
2017/18	\$88.61 to \$122.73	-2.1%	\$19.13 to \$19.13	1.4%
2016/17	\$90.38 to \$124.54	-2.7%	\$18.86 to \$18.86	16.4%

10.2 What costs relating to the units	imes Contents insurance	□ Water
	\Box Home insurance (freehold	⊠ Telephone
General Services	units only)	⊠ Internet

Charge? (residents will need to pay these	⊠ Electricity	🖾 Pay TV		
costs separately)	🖾 Gas	□ Other:		
10.3 What other ongoing or occasional costs for repair, maintenance and replacement of items in, on or attached to the units are residents responsible for and pay for while residing in the unit?	 Unit fixtures Unit fittings Unit appliances None Additional information: Residents are responsible for the items they own or bring into their units, any alterations they make to their units, and replacing light globes. Unit fixtures and appliances provided by scheme operator are maintained by the scheme operator. This service is included in the general services charge and maintenance reserve fund contribution. Capital items are replaced using funds from the capital replacement fund. 			
10.4 Does the operator offer a maintenance service or help residents arrange repairs and maintenance for their unit? If yes: provide details, including any charges for this service.	 ☑ Yes □ No Unit fixtures and appliances provided by scheme operator are maintained by the scheme operator. This service is included in the general services charge and maintenance reserve fund contribution. 			
Part 11– Exit fees - whe	art 11– Exit fees - when you leave the village			
A resident may have to pay an exit fee to the operator when they leave their unit or when the right to reside in their unit is sold. This is also referred to as a 'deferred management fee' (DMF).				
11.1 Do residents pay an exit fee when they permanently leave their unit?				
If yes: list all exit fee options that may apply to new contracts	the first year of residence, plus 5 each of the third, fourth and fifth seventh and eighth years, up to	cence, the exit fee is 6% of the ingoing contribution for residence, plus 5% for the second year, plus 4% for , fourth and fifth years, plus 3% for each of the sixth, hth years, up to a maximum of 8 years (32%) alculated on a pro-rata daily basis for partial years of		
	residence. Note from the scheme operate	or: Under a concessional licence is payable the amount of which is		

Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: your ingoing contribution		
1 year	6% of your ingoing contribution		
2 years	11% of your ingoing contribution		
3 years	15% of your ingoing contribution		
4 years	19% of your ingoing contribution		
5 years	23% of your ingoing contribution		
6 years	26% of your ingoing contribution		
7 years	29% of your ingoing contribution		
8 years	32% of your ingoing contribution		
9 years	32% of your ingoing contribution		
10 years	32% of your ingoing contribution		
Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.The maximum (or capped) exit fee is 32% of the ingoing contribution after 8 years of residence.The minimum exit fee is: 6% of your ingoing contribution x 1/365.Note from the scheme operator:The minimum exit fee is for 1 day of residence.			
11.2 What other exit	⊠ Sale costs for the unit		
costs do residents need to pay or	⊠ Legal costs		
contribute to?	□ Other costs:		
	Note from scheme operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a concessional licence contract, the resident is not required to contribute to the sale costs for the unit or legal costs.		
Part 12 – Reinstatement	and renovation of the unit		
12.1 Is the resident responsible for	⊠ Yes □ No		
reinstatement of the unit when they leave the unit?	Note from operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a concessional licence contract, the resident is only responsible for damage they cause to the accommodation unit. The scheme operator will pay all other costs associated with reinstatement work.		
	Reinstatement work means replacements or repairs that are reasonably necessary to return the unit to the same condition it was in when the		

	 resident started occupation, apart from: fair wear and tear; and renovations and other changes to the condition of the unit carried out with agreement of the resident and operator. Fair wear and tear includes a reasonable amount of wear and tear associated with the use of items commonly used in a retirement village. However, a resident is responsible for the cost of replacing a capital item of the retirement village if the resident deliberately damages the item or causes accelerated wear. Entry and exit inspections and reports are undertaken by the operator and resident to assess the condition of the unit. 		
12.2 Is the resident responsible for renovation of the unit when they leave the unit?	 Yes, all residents pay% of any renovation costs (in same proportion as the share of the capital gain on the sale of their unit) Optional, only applies to residents who share in the capital gain on the sale of their unit, and the resident pays% of any renovation costs No Renovation means replacements or repairs other than reinstatement work. By law, the operator is responsible for the cost of any renovation work on a former resident's unit, unless the residence contract provides for the resident to share in the capital gain on the sale of the resident's interest in the unit. Renovation costs are shared between the former resident and operator in the same proportion as any capital gain is to be shared under the residence contract. 		
Part 13– Capital gain or 13.1 When the resident's interest or right to reside in the unit is sold, does the resident share in the capital <i>gain</i> or capital <i>loss</i> on the resale of their unit?	 Yes, the resident's share of the capital gain is		
Part 14 – Exit entitlement or buyback of freehold units An exit entitlement is the amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a			
residence contract after to 14.1 How is the exit entitlement which the operator will pay the resident worked out?	 he right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit. For a standard licence, the scheme operator will repay the ingoing contribution to the resident. When the scheme operator makes this payment, the resident must pay to the scheme operator the following amounts: 		

[
	 the exit fee (see item 11.1); the sales costs and legal costs (see item 11.2); the costs of reinstatement work (see item 12.1); and any other outstanding amounts payable by the resident under the residence contract. 				
	Note from the scheme operator: If a resident applies for and is accepted for a concessional licence contract, the resident must pay the End of Licence Fee in accordance with the residence contract.				
14.2 When is the exit entitlement payable?	 By law, the operator must pay the exit entitlement to a former resident on or before the earliest of the following days: the day stated in the residence contract > which is 18 months after the termination of the residence contract 				
	 14 days after the settlement of the sale of the right to reside in the unit to the next resident or the operator 				
	 18 months after the termination date of the resident's right to reside under the residence contract, even if the unit has not been resold, unless the operator has been granted an extension for payment by the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT). 				
	In addition, an operator is entitled to see probate or letters of administration before paying the exit entitlement of a former resident who has died.				
14.3 What is the turnover of units for sale in the village?	26 accommodation units were vacant as at the end of the last financial year				
	6 accommodation units were resold during the last financial year				
	6-9 months was the average length of time to sell a unit over the last three financial years				
Part 15– Financial mana	gement of the	village			
15.1 What is the	General Services Charges Fund for the last 3 years				S
financial status for the funds that the	Financial	Deficit/Surplus	Total gene		Change from
operator is required to	Year		service cha collected for		previous year
maintain under the <i>Retirement Villages</i>			financial ye		
Act 1999?	2018/19	19,398	\$319,934		-401.9%
	2017/18 2016/17	-\$6,426 -\$495	\$317,791 \$323,788		1198.2% -102.5%
				1	-102.0%
	Balance of General Services ChargesFund for last financial year OR last\$19,899quarter if no full financial year available			9	
	Balance of Maintenance Reserve Fund for last financial year <i>OR</i> last quarter if no full financial year available			17.00	

	Balance of Capital Replacement Fund				
	for the last financial year <i>OR</i> last quarter if no full financial year available	\$655,211.00			
	Percentage of a resident ingoing contribution applied to the Capital Replacement Fund	N/A (amounts are paid each year as recommended by the			
	The operator pays a percentage of a resident's ingoing contribution, as determined by a quantity surveyor's report, to the Capital Replacement Fund. This fund is used for replacing the village's capital items.	quantity surveyor's report)			
	OR				
	\Box the village is not yet operating.				
Part 16 – Insurance		-			
 The village operator must take out general insurance, to full replacement value, for the retirement village, including for: communal facilities; and the accommodation units, other than accommodation units owned by residents. 					
Residents contribute towards the cost of this insurance as part of the General Services Charge. 16.1 Is the resident Image: YesImage: No					
responsible for arranging any	If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:				
insurance cover? If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:	 Contents insurance (for the resident's property in the unit) Public liability insurance (for incidents occurring in the resident's unit) 				
	 Workers' compensation insurance (for the resident's employees or contractors) Third-party insurance (for the resident's motor vehicles or mobility devices) 				
Part 17 – Living in the v	illage				
Trial or settling in perio	d in the village				
17.1 Does the village offer prospective residents a trial period or a settling in period	□ Yes ⊠ No				
in the village?					

Pets		
17.2 Are residents allowed to keep pets?	⊠ Yes □ No	
If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on pet ownership	Pets are welcome, if the scheme operator's prior consent is obtained.	
Visitors		
17.3 Are there restrictions on visitors staying with residents or visiting? If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on visitors (e.g. length of stay, arrange with manager)	same time. All visitors must complete a log book and agree to adhere to the village rules.	
Village by-laws and villa	age rules	
17.4 Does the village have village by-laws?	 ☐ Yes ⊠ No By law, residents may, by special resolution at a residents meeting and with the agreement of the operator, make, change or revoke by-laws for the village. Note: See notice at end of document regarding inspection of village 	
17.5 Does the operator	by-laws ⊠ Yes □ No	
have other rules for the village.	If yes: Rules may be made available on request	
Resident input		
17.6 Does the village have a residents committee established	☐ Yes ⊠ NoBy law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to	
under the <i>Retirement</i> <i>Villages Act 1999</i> ?	deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by residents.You may like to ask the village manager about an opportunity to talk with members of the resident committee about living in this village.	
Part 18 – Accreditation		
18.1 Is the village voluntarily accredited through an industry- based accreditation scheme?	 ☑ No, village is not accredited ☑ Yes, village is voluntarily accredited through: 	
•	accreditation schemes are industry-based schemes. The <i>Retirement</i> of establish an accreditation scheme or standards for retirement villages.	

Part 19 – Waiting list

19.1 Does the village maintain a waiting list for entry?

□ Yes	\boxtimes	٧o
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Access to documents

The following operational documents are held by the retirement village scheme operator and a prospective resident or resident may make a written request to the operator to inspect or take a copy of these documents free of charge. The operator must comply with the request by the date stated by the prospective resident or resident (which must be at least seven days after the request is given).

- Certificate of registration for the retirement village scheme
- Certificate of title or current title search for the retirement village land
- ⊠ Village site plan
- Plans showing the location, floor plan or dimensions of accommodation units in the village
- □ Plans of any units or facilities under construction
- Development or planning approvals for any further development of the village
- An approved redevelopment plan for the village under the *Retirement Villages Act*
- \Box An approved transition plan for the village
- □ An approved closure plan for the village
- The annual financial statements and report presented to the previous annual meeting of the retirement village
- Statements of the balance of the capital replacement fund, maintenance reserve fund or general services charges fund (or income and expenditure for general services) at the end of the previous three financial years of the retirement village
- Statements of the balance of any Body Corporate administrative fund or sinking fund at the end of the previous three years of the retirement village
- Examples of contracts that residents may have to enter into
- ☑ Village dispute resolution process
- □ Village by-laws
- ☑ Village insurance policies and certificates of currency
- A current public information document (PID) continued in effect under section 237I of the Act (this applies to existing residence contracts)

An example request form containing all the necessary information you must include in your request is available on the Department of Housing and Public Works website.

Further Information

If you would like more information, contact the Department of Housing and Public Works on 13 QGOV (13 74 68) or visit our website at <u>www.hpw.gld.gov.au</u>

General Information

General information and fact sheets on retirement villages: www.qld.gov.au/retirementvillages

For more information on retirement villages and other seniors living options: www.gld.gov.au/seniorsliving

Regulatory Services, Department of Housing and Public Works

Regulatory Services administers the *Retirement Villages Act 1999*. This includes investigating complaints and alleged breaches of the Act. Department of Housing and Public Works GPO Box 690, Brisbane, QLD 4001 Phone: 07 3008 3450 Email: regulatoryservices@hpw.qld.gov.au Website: www.hpw.gld.gov.au/housing

Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS)

Specialist service providing free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement villages and manufactured home parks in Queensland. Caxton Legal Centre Inc. 1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101 Phone: 07 3214 6333 Email: caxton@caxton.org.au Website: www.caxton.org.au

Department of Human Services (Australian Government)

Information on planning for retirement and how moving into a retirement village can affect your pension Phone: 132 300 Website: <u>www.humanservices.gov.au/individuals/subjects/age-pension-and-planning-your-retirement</u>

Seniors Legal and Support Service

These centres provide free legal and support services for seniors concerned about elder abuse, mistreatment or financial exploitation. Caxton Legal Centre Inc. 1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101 Phone: 07 3214 6333 Email: caxton@caxton.org.au Website: https://caxton.org.au

Queensland Law Society

Find a solicitor Retirement Villages Act 1999 • Section 74 • Form 3 • V7 • December 2019 Law Society House 179 Ann Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000 Phone: 1300 367 757 Email: info@qls.com.au Website: <u>www.qls.com.au</u>

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT)

This independent decision-making body helps resolve disputes and reviews administrative decisions. GPO Box 1639, Brisbane, QLD 4001 Phone: 1300 753 228 Email: enquiries@qcat.qld.gov.au Website: www.gcat.qld.gov.au

Department of Justice and Attorney-General

Dispute Resolution Centres provide a free, confidential and impartial mediation service to the community. Phone: 07 3006 2518 Toll free: 1800 017 288 Website: www.justice.qld.gov.au

Livable Housing Australia (LHA)

The Livable Housing Guidelines and standards have been developed by industry and the community to provide assurance that a home is easier to access, navigate and live in, as well as more cost effective to adapt when life's circumstances change. Website: <u>www.livablehousingaustralia.org.au/</u>